Package 'XML2R'

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Title EasieR XML data collection

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Description XML2R is a framework that reduces the effort required to transform XML content into number of tables while preserving parent to child relationships.

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Depends R (>= 2.15.1), XML

Imports RCurl, plyr

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add_key

Description

This function creates a mapping from parent observations to it's descendants (which useful for merging/joining tables). Either an existing value in the parent observation can be recycled to it's descendants or a new column will be created (if recycle is missing).

Usage

```
add_key(obs, parent, recycle, key.name, quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

obs	list. Should be the output from listsToObs.
parent	character string. Should be present in the names of obs.
recycle	character string that matches a variable name among parent observations.
key.name	The desired column name of the newly generated key.
quiet	logical. Include message about the keys being generated?

Value

A list of observations.

collapse_obs Collapse a list of observations into a list of tables.

Description

This function aggregates all observations with a similar name into a common table. Note that observations with a particular name don't need consistent variables (any missing information is filled with NAs).

Usage

```
collapse_obs(obs)
```

Arguments obs

list of observations.

Value

Returns list with one element for each relevant XML node. Each element contains a matrix.

docsToNodes

Description

Essentially a recursive call to getNodeSet.

Usage

docsToNodes(docs, xpath)

Arguments

docs	XML documents
xpath	xpath expression

```
listsToObs
```

Flatten nested list into a list of observations

Description

This function flattens the nested list into a list of "observations" (that is, a list of matrices with one row). The names of the list that is returned reflects the XML ancestory of each observation.

Usage

listsToObs(1, urls, append.value = TRUE, as.equiv = TRUE, url.map = TRUE)

Arguments

1	list. Should be the output from nodesToList.
urls	character vector the same length as 1. Each element should map element of 1 to an XML file.
append.value	logical. Should the XML value be appended to the observation?
as.equiv	logical. Should observations from two different files (but the same ancestory) have the same name returned?
url.map	logical. If TRUE, the 'url_key' column will contain a condensed url identifier (for each observation) and full urls will be stored in the "url_map" element. If FALSE, the full urls are included (for each observation) as a 'url' column and no "url_map" is included.

Value

A list where each element reflects one "observation".

nodesToList

Description

Essentially a recursive call to xmlToList.

Usage

```
nodesToList(nodes)
```

Arguments

nodes

A collection of XML nodes. Should be the output from docsToNodes.

Value

A nested list with a structure that resembles the XML structure

```
re_name
```

Rename rows of a list

Description

Sometimes, certain nodes in an XML ancestory may want to be neglected before any keys are created (see add_key) or observations are aggregated (see collapse). This function takes a list of "observations" (that is, a list of matrices with one row) and alters the names of that list. Note that any information lost from changing names is saved in a new column whose name is specified by diff.name.

Usage

```
re_name(obs, namez, equiv, diff.name = "diff_name", rename.as,
quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

obs	list. Should be the output from XML2Obs (or listsToObs).
namez	must be equivalent to names(obs). Intended use is to avoid unneccessarily repeating that operation.
equiv	character vector with the appropriate (unique) names that should be regarded "equivalent".
diff.name	character string used for naming the variable that is appended to any observa- tions whose name was overwritten. The value for this variable is the difference in from the original name and the overwritten name.
rename.as	character string to override naming of observations that are renamed.
quiet	logical. Include message about how observations are being renamed?

urlsToDocs

Value

A list of "observations".

urlsToDocs

Parse XML Files into XML Documents

Description

Essentially a recursive call to xmlParse.

Usage

```
urlsToDocs(urls, async = TRUE, quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

urls	character vector or list of urls that point to an XML file (or anything readable by xmlParse).
async	logical. Allows for asynchronous download requests. This option is passed to the async option in the RCurl::getURL function.
quiet	logical. Print file name currently being parsed?

XML20bs

Parse XML files into a list of "observations"

Description

This function takes a collection of urls that point to XML files and coerces the relevant info into a list of observations. An "observation" is defined as a matrix with one row. An observation can also be thought of as a single instance of XML attributes (and value) for a particular level in the XML hierarchy. The names of the list reflect the XML node ancestory for which each observation was extracted from.

Usage

```
XML2Obs(urls, xpath, append.value = TRUE, as.equiv = TRUE,
    url.map = FALSE, async = FALSE, quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

urls	character vector or list of urls that point to an XML file (or anything readable by xmlParse).
xpath	XML XPath expression that is passed to getNodeSet. If missing, the entire root and all descendents are captured and returned (ie, tables = "/").
append.value	logical. Should the XML value be appended for relevant observations?
as.equiv	logical. Should observations from two different files (but the same ancestory) have the same name returned?
url.map	logical. If TRUE, the 'url_key' column will contain a condensed url identifier (for each observation) and full urls will be stored in the "url_map" element. If FALSE, the full urls are included (for each observation) as a 'url' column and no "url_map" is included.
async	logical. Allows for asynchronous download requests. This option is passed to the async option in the RCurl::getURL function.
quiet	logical. Print file name currently being parsed?

Details

It's worth noting that a "url_key" column is appended to each observation to help track the origin of each observation. The value of the "url_key" column is not the actual file name, but a simplified identifier to avoid unnecessarily repeating long file names for each observation. For this reason, an addition element (named "url_map") is added to the list of observations in case the actual file named want to be used.

Value

A list of "observations" and (possibly) the "url_map" element.

See Also

urlsToDocs, docsToNodes, nodesToList, listsToObs

Examples

End(Not run)

XML2R

Description

This function is an experimental wrapper around XML2Obs. One should only use this function over XML2Obs if keys already exist in the XML data and ancestory doesn't need to be altered.

Usage

XML2R(urls, xpath, df = FALSE)

Arguments

urls	character vector or list of urls that point to an XML file (or anything readable by xmlParse).
xpath	XML XPath expression that is passed to getNodeSet. If missing, the entire root and all descendents are captured and returned (ie, tables = "/").
df	logical. Should matrices be coerced into data frames?

Value

Returns list with one element for each relevant XML node. Each element contains a matrix by default.

See Also

urlsToDocs, docsToNodes, nodesToList, listsToObs

Examples

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