

# Package ‘LLMAgentR’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Language Model Agents in R for AI Workflows and Research

**Version** 0.3.0

**Maintainer** Kwadwo Daddy Nyame Owusu Boakye <kwadwo.owusuboakye@outlook.com>

**Description** Provides modular, graph-based agents powered by large language models (LLMs) for intelligent task execution in R. Supports structured workflows for tasks such as forecasting, data visualization, feature engineering, data wrangling, data cleaning, 'SQL', code generation, weather reporting, and research-driven question answering. Each agent performs iterative reasoning: recommending steps, generating R code, executing, debugging, and explaining results. Includes built-in support for packages such as 'tidymodels', 'modeltime', 'plotly', 'ggplot2', and 'prophet'. Designed for analysts, developers, and teams building intelligent, reproducible AI workflows in R. Compatible with LLM providers such as 'OpenAI', 'Anthropic', 'Groq', and 'Ollama'. Inspired by the Python package 'langagent'.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**URL** <https://github.com/knowusuboaky/LLMAgentR>,  
<https://knowusuboaky.github.io/LLMAgentR/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/knowusuboaky/LLMAgentR/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

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**Suggests** testthat (>= 3.0.0), roxygen2, jsonlite, magrittr, rlang, tidyr, ggplot2, usethis, prophet, forcats, kernlab, xgboost, xfun, modeltime.resample, tidymodels, tibble, lubridate, methods, tesseract, rvest, fastDummies, stringr

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**Author** Kwadwo Daddy Nyame Owusu Boakye [aut, cre]

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build_code_agent	<i>Build an R Code-Generation Agent</i>
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## Description

Constructs an LLM-powered agent for generating, debugging, explaining, or optimizing R code. **\*\*Two calling patterns are supported\*\***:

- **\*\*Builder pattern\*\*** – omit ‘user\_input’. The function returns a reusable **coder-agent closure**. Call that closure with different queries whenever you need code help.
- **\*\*One-shot pattern\*\*** – provide ‘user\_input’. The function executes immediately and returns the result once.

## Arguments

llm	A function that accepts a character ‘prompt’ and returns an LLM response (optionally accepts ‘verbose’).
system_prompt	Optional system-level instructions that override the built-in default prompt.
user_input	The coding task/query (e.g., “Write function to filter NAs”). <b>**Default ‘NULL’**</b> – omit to obtain a reusable agent.
max_tries	Maximum LLM retry attempts (default ‘3’).
backoff	Seconds to wait between retries (default ‘2’).
verbose	Logical flag to show progress messages (default ‘TRUE’).

## Details

The agent automatically retries failed LLM calls (with exponential back-off) and always returns a structured result.

## Value

- If 'user\_input' is 'NULL': a **function** (the coder-agent closure).
- Otherwise: a **list** with the fields
  - input** The original user query.
  - llm\_response** The LLM output (or error message).
  - system\_prompt** Prompt actually sent.
  - success** Logical; did the call succeed?
  - attempts** Number of attempts made.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
## -----
## 1) Builder pattern - create a reusable coder agent
## -----
coder <- build_code_agent(
  llm      = my_llm_wrapper, # your own wrapper around the LLM API
  max_tries = 3,
  backoff  = 2,
  verbose  = FALSE
)

# Use the agent multiple times
res1 <- coder("Write an R function that z-score-standardises all numeric columns.")
res2 <- coder("Explain what `%>%` does in tidyverse pipelines.")

## -----
## 2) One-shot pattern - run a single request immediately
## -----
one_shot <- build_code_agent(
  llm      = my_llm_wrapper,
  user_input = "Create a ggplot2 bar chart of mpg by cyl in mtcars.",
  max_tries = 3,
  backoff  = 2,
  verbose  = FALSE
)

## End(Not run)
```

---

 build\_data\_cleaning\_agent

*Build a Data Cleaning Agent*


---

## Description

Constructs a multi-step agent workflow to recommend, generate, fix, execute, and explain robust R code for data cleaning tasks using LLMs and user-defined data.

## Arguments

model	A function that accepts a prompt and returns a text response (e.g., OpenAI, Claude).
data_raw	A raw data.frame (or list convertible to data.frame) to be cleaned.
human_validation	Logical; whether to include a manual review step.
bypass_recommended_steps	Logical; whether to skip LLM-based cleaning step suggestions.
bypass_explain_code	Logical; whether to skip explanation of the generated code.
verbose	Logical; whether to print progress messages (default: TRUE)

## Value

A compiled graph-based cleaning agent function that accepts and mutates a state list.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# 1) Load the data
data <- read.csv("tests/testthat/test-data/churn_data.csv")

# 2) Create the agent
data_cleaner_agent <- build_data_cleaning_agent(
  model = my_llm_wrapper,
  human_validation = FALSE,
  bypass_recommended_steps = FALSE,
  bypass_explain_code = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)

# 3) Define the initial state
initial_state <- list(
  data_raw = data,
  user_instructions = "Don't remove outliers when cleaning the data.",
  max_retries = 3,
  retry_count = 0
)
```

```

)

# 4) Run the agent
final_state <- data_cleaner_agent(initial_state)

## End(Not run)

```

---

```
build_data_wrangling_agent
```

*Build a Data Wrangling Agent*

---

## Description

Constructs a state graph-based agent that recommends, generates, executes, fixes, and explains data wrangling transformations based on user instructions and dataset structure. The resulting function handles list or single data frame inputs and produces a cleaned dataset.

## Arguments

model	A function that takes a prompt string and returns LLM-generated output.
human_validation	Logical; whether to enable manual review step before code execution.
bypass_recommended_steps	Logical; skip initial recommendation of wrangling steps.
bypass_explain_code	Logical; skip final explanation step after wrangling.
verbose	Logical; whether to print progress messages (default: TRUE)

## Value

A callable agent function that mutates a provided 'state' list by populating: - 'data\_wrangled': the final cleaned data frame, - 'data\_wrangler\_function': the code used, - 'data\_wrangler\_error': any execution error (if occurred), - 'wrangling\_report': LLM-generated explanation (if 'bypass\_explain\_code = FALSE')

## Examples

```

## Not run:
# 1) Simulate multiple data frames with a common ID
df1 <- data.frame(
  ID = c(1, 2, 3, 4),
  Name = c("John", "Jane", "Jim", "Jill"),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

df2 <- data.frame(
  ID = c(1, 2, 3, 4),
  Age = c(25, 30, 35, 40),

```

```
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

df3 <- data.frame(
  ID = c(1, 2, 3, 4),
  Education = c("Bachelors", "Masters", "PhD", "MBA"),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

# 2) Combine into a list
data <- list(df1, df2, df3)

# 3) Create the agent
data_wrangling_agent <- build_data_wrangling_agent(
  model = my_llm_wrapper,
  human_validation = FALSE,
  bypass_recommended_steps = FALSE,
  bypass_explain_code = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)

# 4) Define the initial state
initial_state <- list(
  data_raw = data,
  user_instructions = "Merge the data frames on the ID column.",
  max_retries = 3,
  retry_count = 0
)

# 5) Run the agent
final_state <- data_wrangling

## End(Not run)
```

---

build\_doc\_summarizer\_agent

*Build a Document Summarizer Agent*

---

## Description

Creates an LLM-powered document summarization workflow that processes PDF, DOCX, PPTX, TXT, or plain text input and returns structured markdown summaries.

## Usage

```
build_doc_summarizer_agent(
  llm,
  summary_template = NULL,
  chunk_size = 4000,
  overlap = 200,
```

```
    verbose = TRUE
  )
```

### Arguments

llm	A function that accepts a character prompt and returns an LLM response.
summary_template	Optional custom summary template in markdown format.
chunk_size	Maximum character length for document chunks (default: 4000).
overlap	Character overlap between chunks (default: 200).
verbose	Logical controlling progress messages (default: TRUE).

### Value

A function that accepts file paths or text input and returns:

- summary - The generated markdown summary
- metadata - Document metadata if available
- chunks - Number of processing chunks used
- success - Logical indicating success

### Examples

```
## Not run:
# Build document summarizer agent
summarizer_agent <- build_doc_summarizer_agent(
  llm = my_llm_wrapper,
  summary_template = NULL,
  chunk_size = 4000,
  overlap = 200,
  verbose = FALSE
)

# Summarize document
final_state <- summarizer_agent("https://github.com/knowusuboaiky/LLMAgentR/raw/main/\
tests/testthat/test-data/scrum.docx")

## End(Not run)
```

---

build\_feature\_engineering\_agent

*Build a Feature Engineering Agent*

---

### Description

Constructs a graph-based feature engineering agent that guides the process of: recommending, generating, executing, fixing, and explaining feature engineering code.

**Arguments**

<code>model</code>	A function that accepts a prompt and returns an LLM-generated response.
<code>human_validation</code>	Logical; include a manual review node before code execution.
<code>bypass_recommended_steps</code>	Logical; skip the LLM-based recommendation phase.
<code>bypass_explain_code</code>	Logical; skip final explanation step.
<code>verbose</code>	Logical; whether to print progress messages (default: TRUE)

**Value**

A callable agent function that executes feature engineering via a state graph.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# 1) Load the data
data <- read.csv("tests/testthat/test-data/churn_data.csv")

# 2) Create the feature engineering agent
feature_engineering_agent <- build_feature_engineering_agent(
  model = my_llm_wrapper,
  human_validation = FALSE,
  bypass_recommended_steps = FALSE,
  bypass_explain_code = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

# 3) Define the initial state
initial_state <- list(
  data_raw = data,
  target_variable = "Churn",
  user_instructions = "Inspect the data. Make any new features and transformations
  that you think will be useful for predicting the target variable.",
  max_retries = 3,
  retry_count = 0
)

# 4) Run the agent
final_state <- feature_engineering_agent(initial_state)

## End(Not run)
```



---

 build\_forecasting\_agent

*Build a Time Series Forecasting Agent*


---

## Description

Constructs a state graph-based forecasting agent that: recommends forecasting steps, extracts parameters, generates code, executes the forecast using ‘modeltime’, fixes errors if needed, and explains the result. It leverages multiple models including Prophet, XGBoost, Random Forest, SVM, and Prophet Boost, and combines them in an ensemble.

## Arguments

model	A function that takes a prompt and returns an LLM-generated result.
bypass_recommended_steps	Logical; skip initial step recommendation.
bypass_explain_code	Logical; skip the final explanation step.
mode	Visualization mode for forecast plots. One of “light” or “dark”.
line_width	Line width used in plotly forecast visualization.
verbose	Logical; whether to print progress messages.

## Value

A callable agent function that mutates the given ‘state’ list.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# 2) Prepare the dataset
my_data <- walmart_sales_weekly

# 3) Create the forecasting agent
forecasting_agent <- build_forecasting_agent(
  model = my_llm_wrapper,
  bypass_recommended_steps = FALSE,
  bypass_explain_code = FALSE,
  mode = "dark", # dark or light
  line_width = 3,
  verbose = FALSE
)

# 4) Define the initial state
initial_state <- list(
  user_instructions = "Forecast sales for the next 30 days, using `id` as the grouping variable,
  a forecasting horizon of 30, and a confidence level of 90%.",
  data_raw = my_data
```

```

)

# 5) Run the agent
final_state <- forecasting_agent(initial_state)

## End(Not run)

```

---

```
build_interpreter_agent
```

*Build an Interpreter Agent*

---

### Description

Constructs an LLM-powered agent that explains plots, tables, text, or other outputs for both technical and non-technical audiences.

### Arguments

llm	Function that takes prompt and returns an LLM response (may or may not accept verbose).
interpreter_prompt	Optional template for the prompt (default supplied).
code_output	The output to interpret (plot caption, table text, model summary, etc.). <b>**Default NULL**</b> .
max_tries	Max LLM retry attempts (default 3).
backoff	Seconds between retries (default 2).
verbose	Logical; print progress (default TRUE).

### Details

**\*\*Two calling patterns\*\***

- **\*\*Builder pattern\*\*** – omit code\_output; a reusable **interpreter-agent closure** is returned.
- **\*\*One-shot pattern\*\*** – provide code\_output; the function runs immediately and returns the interpretation.

### Value

- If code\_output is NULL: a **function** (closure).
- Otherwise: a **list** with
  - prompt** The full prompt sent to the LLM.
  - interpretation** The LLM's explanation (or error).
  - success** Logical; did it succeed?
  - attempts** Number of attempts made.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
## 1) Builder pattern -----
interp <- build_interpreter_agent(llm = my_llm_wrapper, verbose = FALSE)

table_txt <- "
| Region | Sales | Profit |
| North  | 2000  | 300    |
| South  | 1500  | 250    |"

res1 <- interp(table_txt)
res2 <- interp("R2 = 0.87 for the fitted model ...")

## 2) One-shot pattern -----
build_interpreter_agent(
  llm          = my_llm_wrapper,
  code_output = table_txt,
  verbose      = FALSE
)

## End(Not run)
```

---

 build\_researcher\_agent

*Build a Web Researcher Agent*


---

**Description**

Constructs an LLM-powered research agent that performs web searches (via Tavily API) and generates structured responses based on search results. The agent handles different question types (general knowledge, comparisons, controversial topics) with appropriate response formats.

**Arguments**

llm	A function that accepts a character prompt and returns an LLM response. (It must accept 'prompt' and optionally 'verbose'.)
tavily_search	Tavily API key as a string or NULL to use 'Sys.getenv("TAVILY_API_KEY")'.
system_prompt	Optional custom system prompt for the researcher agent.
max_results	Number of web search results to retrieve per query (default: 5).
max_tries	Maximum number of retry attempts for search or LLM call (default: 3).
backoff	Initial wait time in seconds between retries (default: 2).
verbose	Logical flag to control progress messages (default: TRUE).

**Value**

A function that accepts a user query string and returns a list with:

- query - The original research query.
- prompt - The full prompt sent to the LLM.
- response - The generated LLM response.
- search\_results - Raw search results (if any were found).
- success - Logical indicating if research succeeded (both search and LLM).

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Initialize researcher agent
researcher_agent <- build_researcher_agent(
  llm = my_llm_wrapper,
  tavily_search = NULL,
  system_prompt = NULL,
  max_results = 5,
  max_tries = 3,
  backoff = 2,
  verbose = FALSE
)

# Perform research
result <- researcher_agent("Who is Messi?")

## End(Not run)
```

---

 build\_sql\_agent

*Build a SQL Agent Graph*


---

**Description**

This function constructs a full SQL database agent using a graph-based workflow. It supports step recommendation, SQL code generation, error handling, optional human review, and automatic explanation of the final code.

**Arguments**

model	A function that accepts prompts and returns LLM responses.
connection	A DBI connection object to the target SQL database.
n_samples	Number of candidate SQL plans to consider (used in prompt).
human_validation	Whether to include a human review node.

bypass\_recommended\_steps  
If TRUE, skip the step recommendation node.

bypass\_explain\_code  
If TRUE, skip the final explanation step.

verbose  
Logical indicating whether to print progress messages (default: TRUE).

**Value**

A compiled SQL agent function that runs via a state machine (graph execution).

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# 1) Connect to the database
conn <- DBI::dbConnect(RSQLite::SQLite(), "tests/testthat/test-data/northwind.db")

# 2) Create the SQL agent
sql_agent <- build_sql_agent(
  model          = my_llm_wrapper,
  connection     = conn,
  human_validation = FALSE,
  bypass_recommended_steps = FALSE,
  bypass_explain_code = FALSE,
  verbose        = FALSE
)

# 3) Define the initial state
initial_state <- list(
  user_instructions = "Identify the Regions (or Territories) with the highest
  CustomerCount and TotalSales.
  Return a table with columns: Region, CustomerCount, and TotalSales.
  Hint: (UnitPrice × Quantity).",
  max_retries      = 3,
  retry_count      = 0
)

# 4) Run the agent
final_state <- sql_agent(initial_state)

## End(Not run)
```

---

build\_visualization\_agent

*Build Visualization Agent*

---

**Description**

Creates a data visualization agent with configurable workflow steps.

**Arguments**

model	The AI model function to use for code generation
human_validation	Whether to include human validation step (default: FALSE)
bypass_recommended_steps	Skip recommendation step (default: FALSE)
bypass_explain_code	Skip explanation step (default: FALSE)
function_name	Name for generated visualization function (default: "data_visualization")
verbose	Whether to print progress messages (default: TRUE)

**Value**

A function that takes state and returns visualization results

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# 1) Load the data
data <- read.csv("tests/testthat/test-data/churn_data.csv")

# 2) Create the visualization agent
visualization_agent <- build_visualization_agent(
  model = my_llm_wrapper,
  human_validation = FALSE,
  bypass_recommended_steps = FALSE,
  bypass_explain_code = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)

# 3) Define the initial state
initial_state <- list(
  data_raw = data,
  target_variable = "Churn",
  user_instructions = "Create a clean and visually appealing box plot to show
the distribution of Monthly Charges across Churn categories.
Use distinct colors for each Churn group,
add clear axis labels, a legend, and a meaningful title.",
  max_retries = 3,
  retry_count = 0
)

# 4) Run the agent
final_state <- visualization_agent(initial_state)

## End(Not run)
```

---

 build\_weather\_agent    *Build a Weather Agent*


---

### Description

Constructs an LLM-powered weather assistant that fetches data from OpenWeatherMap and generates user-friendly reports. Handles location parsing, API calls, caching, and LLM-based summarization.

### Arguments

llm	A function that accepts a character prompt and returns an LLM response.
location_query	Free-text location query (e.g., "weather in Toronto").
system_prompt	Optional LLM system prompt for weather reporting.
weather_api_key	OpenWeatherMap API key (defaults to OPENWEATHERMAP_API_KEY env var).
units	Unit system ("metric" or "imperial").
n_tries	Number of retry attempts for API/LLM calls (default: 3).
backoff	Base seconds to wait between retries (default: 2).
endpoint_url	OpenWeatherMap endpoint URL.
verbose	Logical controlling progress messages (default: TRUE).

### Value

A list containing:

- success - Logical indicating if operation succeeded
- location - Cleaned location string
- weather\_raw - Raw API response
- weather\_formatted - Formatted weather string
- llm\_response - Generated weather report
- timestamp - Time of response
- cache\_hit - Logical indicating cache usage
- attempts - Number of tries made

### Examples

```
## Not run:
# Get weather information
weather_agent <- build_weather_agent(
  llm = my_llm_wrapper,
  location_query = "Tokyo, Japan",
```

```
system_prompt = NULL,  
weather_api_key = NULL,  
units = "metric", # metric or imperial  
n_tries = 3,  
backoff = 2,  
endpoint_url = NULL,  
verbose = FALSE  
)  
  
## End(Not run)
```



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